

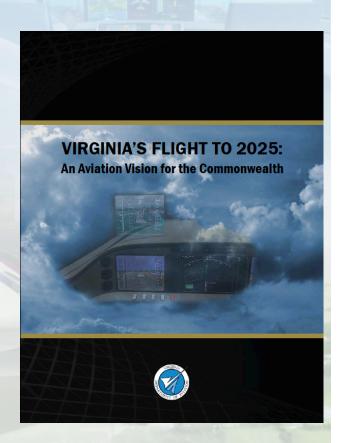
Virginia – GA Benefits

- Quality of Life
 - Mobility for Virginians
 - Economic Development Opportunities for all Virginia communities
- NextGen Promise supports GA
 - NAS Productivity
 - NAS Access
 - Safety



Virginia's Aviation Vision

- Inform citizens/policy makers
- Excite stakeholders to unite for progress
 - Virginia businesses
 - FAA
 - NASA
 - Aviation product manufacturers
 & service providers
 - Aviation associations AOPA, NASAO, VABA, etc.
 - Academia



Virginia's Planned Investments

- Improve weather reporting at GA airports
- Modify NADIN data requirements
- Develop GPS approaches to every runway end
- Encourage widespread ADS-B equipage in GA through partnerships
- Market GA
- Enhance terminal facilities

 These form the foundation of a NextGen GA Testbed upon which others can build

Partnering Opportunities

- FAA Show GA community benefits of ADS-B
- NASA R&D environment needed to mature advanced airspace procedures
- NWS sensor network
- Avionics Manufacturers product development and marketing
- GA Operators equipment in exchange for operational data



- ITT new business development opportunity
- Academia NextGen workforce development

- Datalink Aircraft and Ground
 - NextGen Weather
- Remotely-Staffed NextGen Tower
- Increased GA safety
 - ADS-B Application to WakeVortex Mitigation
 - Increased utility of Portables
- UASs in the NAS
- Dynamic SUA management
- Equivalent Visual Operations at GA airports
- Air Taxi Economic Impact Modeling
- Outreach What NextGen means to GA Operators



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<u>Example – Weather Reporting</u> "Mini-Case"



- (7) Uplink via ADS-B (UAT) or AAtS (IP connection)
 - Weather forecast data for all airspace users
 - PIREPs for localized traffic





FAA, NWS (4D Wx Cube)

- (4) Data feeds 4D Wx Cube
 - Low altitude convective models
- (5) Auto PIREPs recorded
 - Ride reports, turbulence, etc.
- (6) Weather and PIREPs disseminated

- (1) A/C sensor data downlink
 - Airspeed, winds, moisture
- (2) Events Detected
 - Turbulence, wind shear
- (3) Downlink via ADS-B (UAT) or AAtS (IP connection)
 - Data routed to AAtS gateway

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Ending One In, One Out

through ADS-B Surveillance to the Ground

- IMC throughput at non-towered airports is 1/3 1/4 VMC
 - Affects businesses' ability to deliver reliable service
 - Displaces traffic to Commercial Service airports
 - Adds to airspace congestion and environmental impact
- ADS-B surveillance to the ground enables basic Remote

Tower capability

- Improves usefulness of equip
- Permits seamless surface-to-surface traffic control
- Reduces operational variability at small business-critical airports



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Wake Vortex Encounter Mitigation

- Develop Wake-Encounter Hazard Metric
- Pass aircraft type, weight, speed, and winds to trailing aircraft
- Model wake on-board trailing aircraft



- Display probable wake location in trailing aircraft
- Include Zones of varying Wake-Encounter Hazard Metrics

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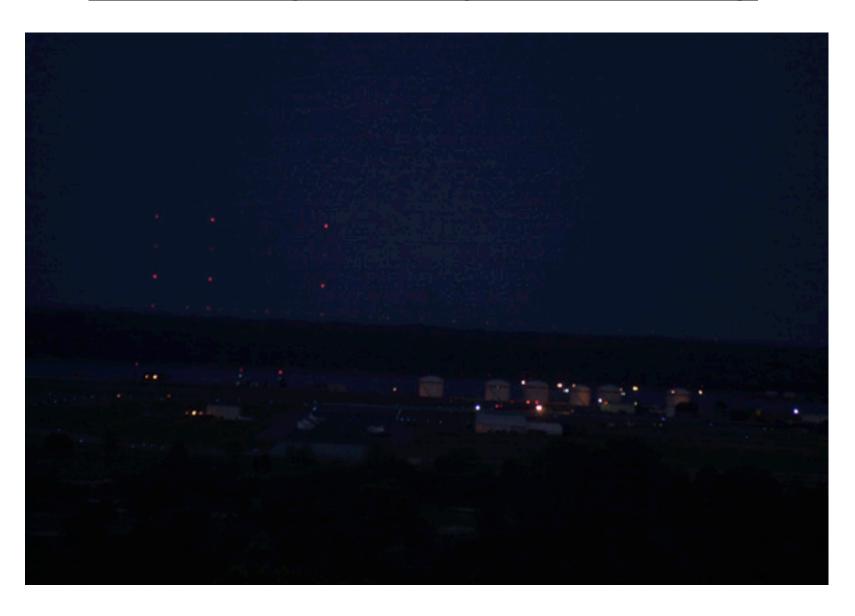


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Visible-Light Image Processing



Visible-Light Image Processing



Visible-Light Image Processing

Retinex





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- Provide all airspace system users more flexibility and efficiency in the use of airports, airspace and aircraft.
- Enable accurate modeling and simulation of air transportation systems
- Accommodate operations of all classes of aircraft

Concepts and Technology Development Project

- Dynamic Airspace Configuration (Dynamic SUA, Remote GA Tower)
- Separation Assurance (Remote Tower Air and Ground elements)
- Super Density Operations (Wake Encounter Mitigation)

Systems Analysis, Integration, and Evaluation Project

"... R&D maturation of these integrated concepts through evaluation in relevant environments ..."

Aviation Safety Program

System-wide Safety Assurance Technologies (SSAT) Project: proactively manage increasing complexity in the design and operation of vehicles and air transportation systems, ...

Atmospheric Environment Safety Technologies (AEST) Project: investigates sources of risk and provides technology needed to help ensure safe flight in and around atmospheric hazards.

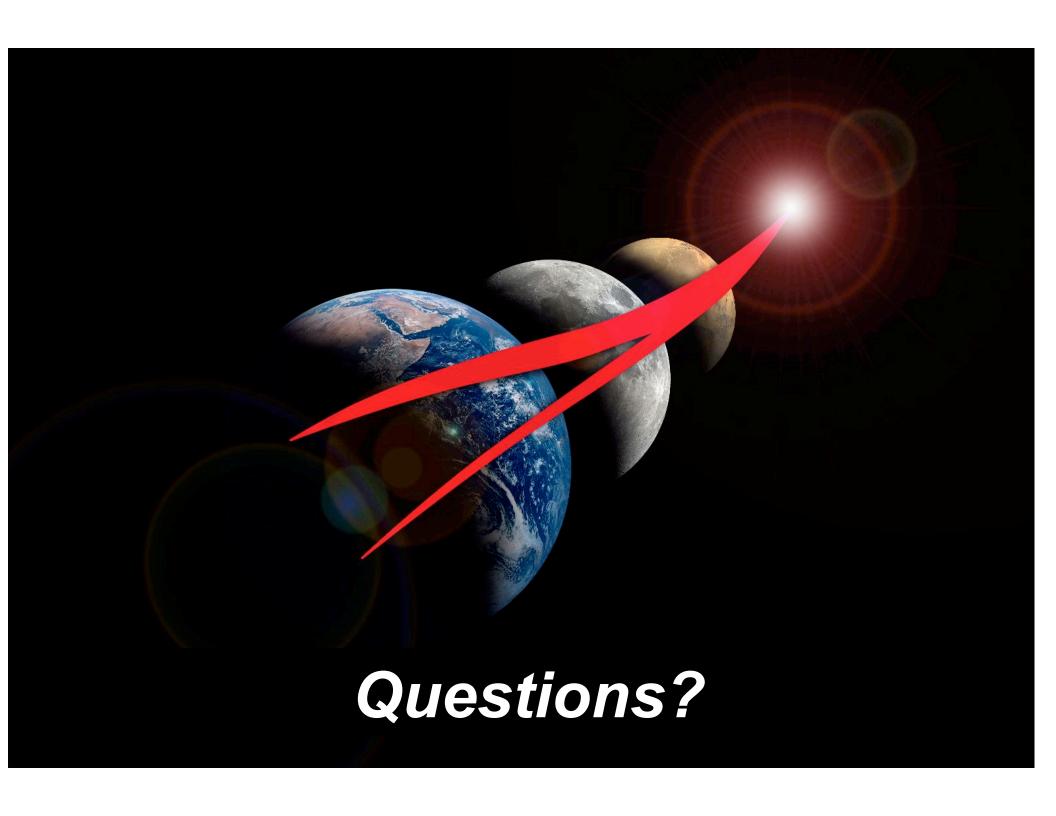
Integrated Systems Research Program

UAS Integration in the NAS Project

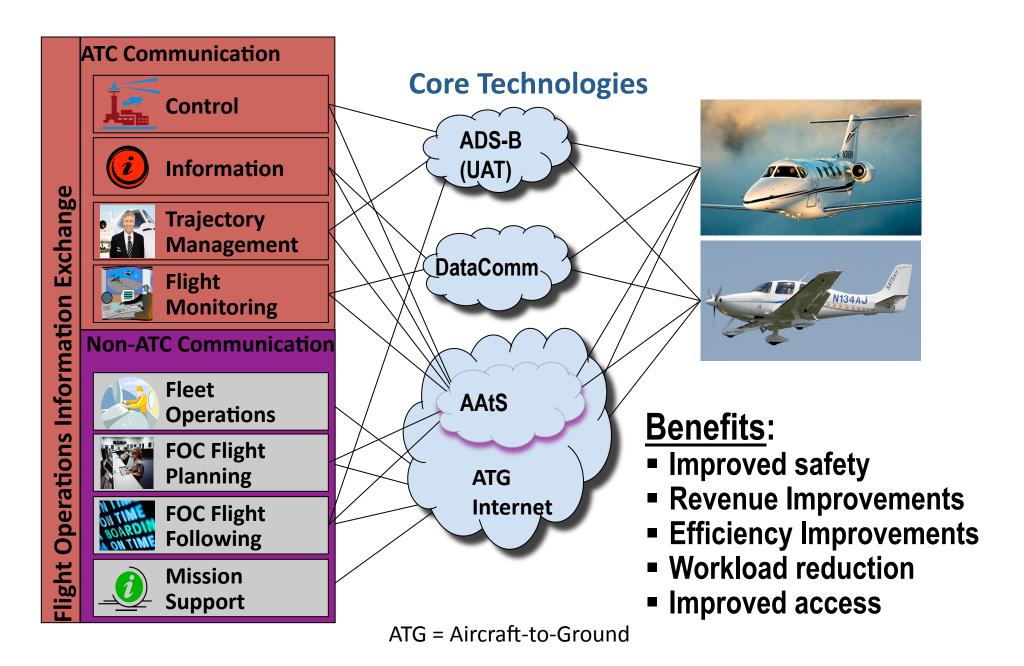
"UAS are unable to routinely access the NAS today due to a lack of automated separation assurance integrated with collision avoidance systems, robust communication technologies, robust human systems integration, and standardized safety and certification guidelines."

Summary

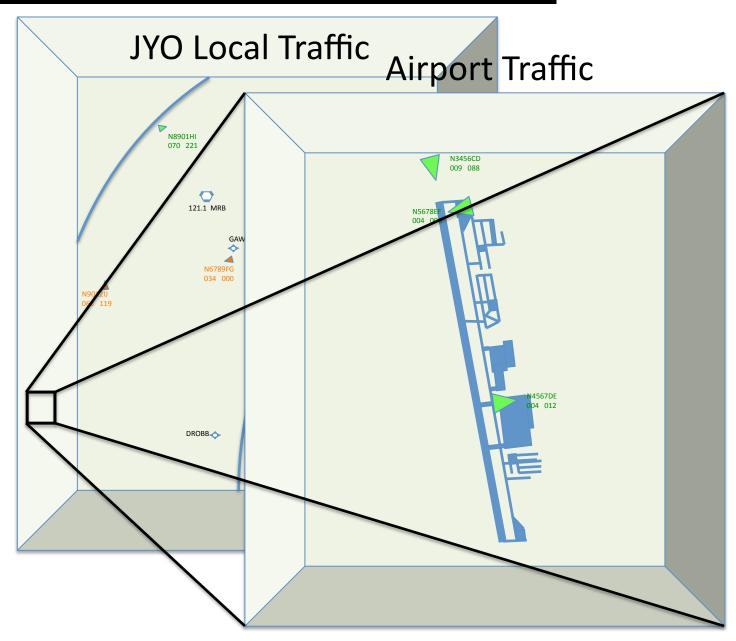
- Virginia is investing to improve Quality of Life through greater use of GA
- Virginia will act as a Testbed for technology trials that promise value for GA
- Virginia will manage those projects, analyze the data, and create and deliver the results
- Partnerships are being built with FAA, AOPA, NASAO,
 NBAA, and Virginia operators



FIX Capabilities Overview

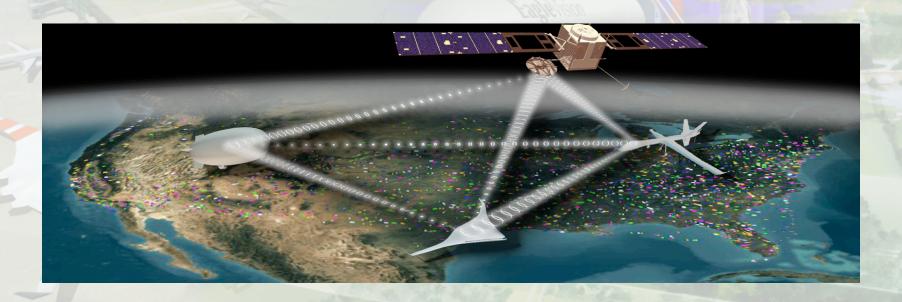


Remote Controller's Views



Utility of Low-cost ADS-B Receivers

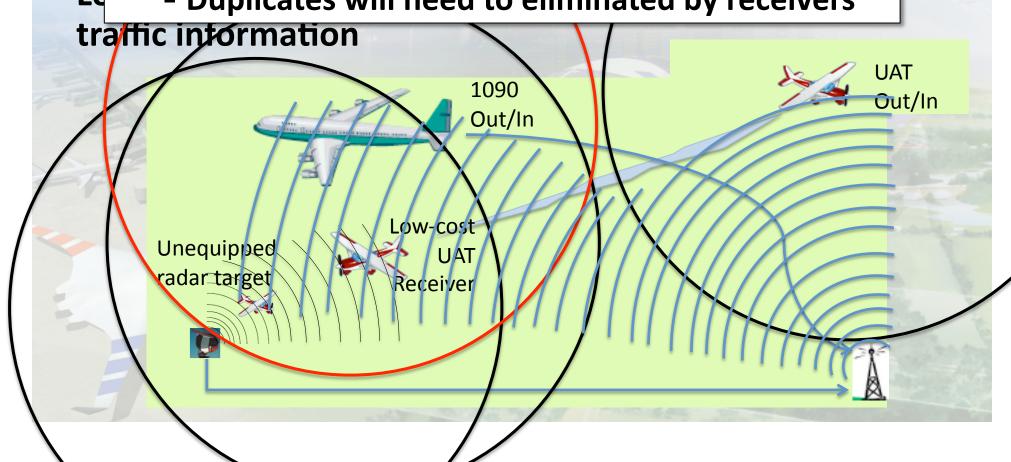
- Low-cost ADS-B Receivers
 - improve situation awareness and safety
 - enable informed route-change requests
 - provide affordable entry into ADS-B equipage
 - show operators the advantages of being ADS-B equipped
- Low-cost ADS-B Receivers currently only get limited traffic information



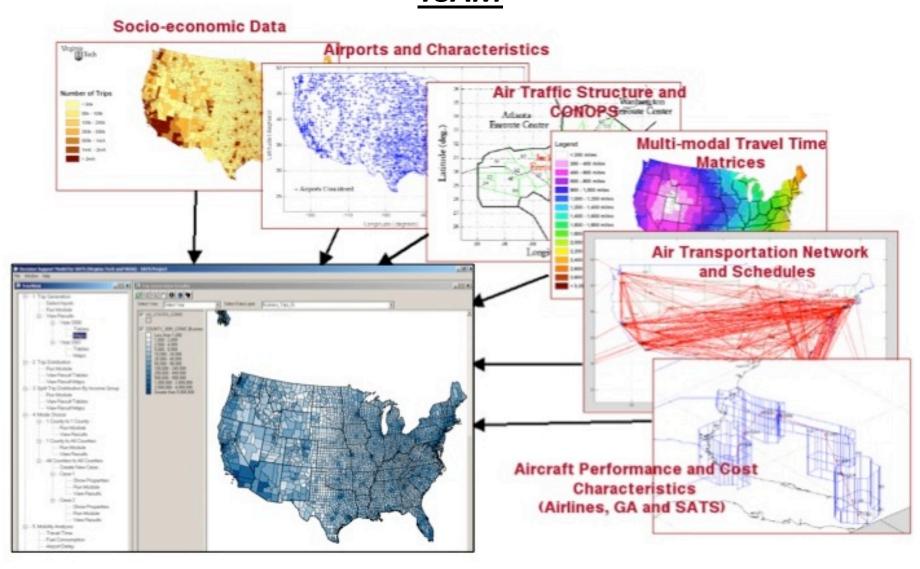


- Broadcast traffic around every detected aircraft
 - Radar & cross-linked traffic if ADS-B Out
 - All traffic near unequipped aircraft over UAT

Duplicates will need to eliminated by receivers



<u>Travel Prediction Modeling</u> <u>TSAM</u>



The benefit to the flying public from ASP research will be realized as a reduction in doorstep-to-destination trip duration and a cleaner environment.

- Accommodate projected growth in air traffic while preserving and enhancing safety.
- Provide all airspace system users more flexibility and efficiency in the use of airports, airspace and aircraft.

Key objectives of NASA Airspace Systems (AS) Program are to:

- Improve mobility, capacity efficiency and access of the airspace system;
- Improve collaboration, predictability, and flexibility for the airspace users;
- Enable accurate modeling and simulation of air transportation systems;
- Accommodate operations of all classes of aircraft; and
- Maintain system safety and environmental protection.

Concepts and Technology Development Project

"... developing gate-to-gate concepts and technologies intended to enable significant increases in the capacity and efficiency of the NextGen, ..."

Research Focus Areas

- Dynamic Airspace Configuration (Dynamic SUA, Remote GA Tower)
- Separation Assurance (Remote Tower Air and Ground elements)
- Super Density Operations (Wake Encounter Mitigation)

Systems Analysis, Integration, and Evaluation Project

"The SAIE Project is responsible for facilitating the R&D maturation of these integrated concepts through evaluation in relevant environments ..."

Research Focus Areas

- Integration, Evaluation and Transition (IET) integrates ASP concepts
 and technologies with each other and with existing and emerging
 NAS technologies to create evaluation environments that accurately
 represent NextGen.
- System and Portfolio Analysis (SPA) In order to properly assess the NAS, a series of system-wide assessments will make use of the outputs from the individual design studies, airport, and metroplex studies to determine the incremental benefits achieved as ASP research progresses.



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Integrated Systems Research Program

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-Connected, Influential, & Progressive

Location

-Terrain, Airspace, & near DC

-Aerospace Research Consortium

-NASA, Universities, & Industry

Outreach Messaging

- Partners will perform outreach with their extensive communication assets as appropriate
 - FAA is working with GA
 - Expected and measured costs-benefits
- Additional outreach through conferences and specific meetings with organizations such as AOPA, NASAO, NBAA, VABA, JPDO, EAA, and ATCA and with OEMs
- Projects will support FAA NextGen Outreach team

Early Implementations of NextGen

- EIPs, to date, are all aimed at airlines
- FAA 2009 data
 - 95% of US fleet is GA
 - 56% of flight hours are GA
 - Even 51% of the operations at Dulles were GA
- GA must be motivated to implement NextGen for the benefits to be fully realized



Increasingly "Intelligent" Vehicles

- Sensing / perceiving
- Integrated awareness
- Response execution





Effective interaction
 with users will still be a
 key determinant of
 usefulness

Goals

 Automation and interface technologies that enable high performance partnerships between highly automated vehicles and human users



• Flight vehicles

Other vehicles

Reinventing Pilot-Vehicle Relationship

Successful Human-Autonomous Vehicle System Exemplar "H"- Metaphor, guidelines for:



- Vehicle as an autonomous agent
- Human-vehicle interaction
- Multi-vehicle interaction
- ref. NASA TM 2003-212672